What is magic? Are there different types of magic?

Magic is an occultic practice which attempts to invoke supernatural powers to do superhuman things. Definitions of magic are dependent upon traditions of the modern social-scientific studies of the subject (R.D. Roberts, 2016).¹

Regarding the use of magic in the Roman Empire for example J. A. Dunne wrote:

...By the first century, magical folk belief was a part of everyday life, although it was more prominent among the lower classes of society (Aune, Apocalypticism, 382). Magic itself was not a single religion, but was the substructure of religion, as it crossed different religious boundaries (Arnold, Power and Magic, 17–19). It was therefore understood within the boundaries of a particular religious tradition (Aune, Apocalypticism, 377).

Magic was believed to guarantee the adherent's desired result—whether that be protection, causing harm, or love (Hubbard, Christianity in the Greco-Roman World, 30). Often, this included an invocation of higher spiritual forces, whether angels, demons, deities, or the stars (Arnold, The Colossian Syncretism, 14–15).²

The apostle Paul warned of a coming Great Apostasy (2 Thess 2:1–12) and encouraged Christians to stand fast against it (2 Thess 2:13-17).

The use of magic in any form is forbidden in the scriptures (Lev 20:27, Re 21:8).

¹ Roberts, R. D. (2016). Magic. In J. D. Barry, D. Bomar, D. R. Brown, R. Klippenstein, D. Mangum, C. Sinclair Wolcott, L. Wentz, E. Ritzema, & W. Widder (Eds.), The Lexham Bible Dictionary. Lexham Press.

² Dunne, J. A. (2016). Asia Minor, Religions of. In J. D. Barry, D. Bomar, D. R. Brown, R. Klippenstein, D. Mangum, C. Sinclair Wolcott, L. Wentz, E. Ritzema, & W. Widder (Eds.), The Lexham Bible Dictionary. Lexham Press.